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SNOHOMISH COUNTY COUNCIL Snohomish County, Washington

ORDINANCE NO. 13-070

RELATING TO COUNTY EMPLOYMENT; REVISING COUNTY PERSONNEL RULES; AMENDING TITLE 3A SCC

BE IT ORDAINED:

Section 1. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.010, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.02.010 Anniversary date.

The date which signifies the completion of each year of ((full time equivalent)) service by ((a regular)) an employee in a regular ((position)) appointment.

Section 2. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.030, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-12 on November 21, 1984, is repealed.

Section 3. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.190, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is repealed.

Section 4. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.210, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.02.210 Layoff.

The removal of an employee from ((his/her)) the employee's position ((or a reduction in the employee's scheduled hours of work)) because of lack of work, lack of funds, or reorganization.

Section 5. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.280, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.02.280 Position.

A group of duties and responsibilities requiring the ((full)) full- or part-time employment of one person on a ((permanent)) regular or temporary basis. Position is used interchangeably with the term "job" in these rules.

Section 6. A new section is added to Chapter 3A.02 of the Snohomish County Code to read:

3A.02.322 Reduction in force (RIF).

The elimination of one or more occupied positions within a specific department, division or office.

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RELATING TO COUNTY EMPLOYMENT, REVISING COUNTY
PERSONNEL RULES, AND AMENDING CHAPTER 3A SCC - 1

Section 7. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.325, adopted by Ordinance No. 89-056 on June 28, 1989, is amended to read:

3A.02.325 Regular appointment.

((Regular appointment means any)) An appointment to a budgeted position vacancy in the classified service. May also be called "regular full-time employment" or "regular part-time employment."

Section 8. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.340, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 94-050 on July 6, 1994, is amended to read:

3A.02.340 Rules or ((human resources)) personnel rules.

The provision of this title.

Section 9. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.370, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.02.370 Temporary appointment.

An appointment of ((not-more)) <u>less</u> than six months (((180 calendar days)) 1040 <u>hours in a 12-month period</u>) duration to fill a temporary, emergency or short term need ((, or to fill a position for which no employment register is currently available)).

Section 10. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.02.380, adopted by Ordinance 84-129 dated November 24, 1984 is repealed.

Section 11. A new section is added to Chapter 3A.02 of the Snohomish County Code to read:

3A.02.405 Vacancy.

An unfilled position declared a vacancy by the director.

Section 12. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.04.040, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.04.040 Effect of classification changes on employees.

Whenever a position is reclassified from one class to another class, the employee ((shall)) will remain in the position with the same benefits and credit for service as ((he/she)) the employee had in the position prior to its reclassification, except as follows:

(1) Whenever a position is reclassified from one class to a higher class, the employee ((shall)) will be promoted and continue in the position only if ((he/she)) the employee possesses the minimum qualifications for the higher class and thereafter successfully completes a trial service period for the higher class, as provided for in chapter 3A.09 SCC.

- (2) Whenever a position is reclassified from one class to a lower class the employee ((shall)) will normally be demoted and remain in the position. ((However, an employee so affected may also seek transfer to another position vacancy in the original class (if any) in accordance with the transfer provisions of these rules.))
- (3) Whenever an employee is ineligible to continue in a reclassified position or is not transferred, promoted or demoted, the employee ((shall)) will be laid off in accordance with the provisions of chapter 3A.10 SCC.

Section 13. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.05.020, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 97-054, § 1, on July 9, 1997, is amended to read:

3A.05.020 Rates of pay.

No employee ((shall)) will be paid at a rate of pay less than the minimum nor more than the maximum established for the employee's job as set forth in the pay plan unless otherwise provided for in these rules. All pay rates in the pay plan are based upon full-time employment at the normal working hours for the position. For purposes of pay administration, full-time employment is defined as work consisting of at least 35 ((but no more than 40)) hours per week.

- (1) Starting Rate upon Initial Employment. New employees ((shall)) will be appointed at the minimum step of the pay range in effect for the particular classification or position to which the appointment is made unless the employing official has requested and received prior authorization from the director to fill the position at some other step in the pay range. In no event ((shall)) will the starting rate of pay exceed the maximum rate of the pay range.
- (2) Pay Rate upon Promotion. An employee who is promoted ((shall)) will be paid at ((that)) the step in the pay range for the classification to which the employee is promoted, which represents at least a one-step pay increase over the rate of pay received immediately prior to the promotion or at the minimum step of the new pay range, whichever is greater; ((PROVIDED, That)) however such increase ((does)) may not exceed the maximum step of the new pay range. A greater pay rate may be permitted upon promotion to correct the situation where a supervisor would receive less than a subordinate through application of this rule.
- (3) Pay Rate upon Demotion. An employee who is demoted to a lower classification for reasons other than misconduct may be paid at ((any rate)) the step in the pay range assigned to the lower classification which is appropriate to the circumstances surrounding the demotion as determined by the director, the affected employee's experience and training, and the availability of funds. ((An employee who is demoted from trial service following promotion shall receive the same pay rate as the employee received prior to promotion.)) An employee who accepts a voluntary demotion because of organizational changes or reduction in force or who requests a voluntary demotion for personal reasons ((shall)) will be paid at that step in the lower pay range that results in at least a one-step

reduction in pay unless such reduction would result in the employee being paid below the minimum step in the lower pay range.

- (4) Pay Rate upon Demotion from Promotion. An employee who is demoted from trial service following promotion will be paid at the step in the lower pay range that the employee held before promotion, however adjustments will be made to take into account any pay increase that would have occurred had the employee not been promoted.
- (((4))) (5) Pay Rate upon Transfer. An employee who transfers from one position to another within the same class, or from a position in one class to a position in a different class that is assigned to the same pay range, ((shall)) will continue to receive the same rate of pay as before the transfer.
- (((5))) (6) Pay Rate upon Reinstatement or Rehire. A person who is recalled from layoff within two years, or who returns from an approved unpaid leave of absence, or who is rehired following separation from county employment within one year from the date of break in service, and who is reemployed in the same classification as held before the break in service ((and who is reemployed within one year from the date of the break in service)), ((shall)) will, unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, ((receive)) be paid at the same step in the pay range as held prior to the break in service, subject to the availability of budgeted funds. If such person is reemployed in a classification other than the original classification, the rate of pay ((shall)) will be at the minimum step of the pay range for the new classification, unless otherwise approved by the director.
- (((6))) (7) Pay Rate Following Reclassification. An employee occupying a position that is reclassified to another class with the same pay range ((shall)) will receive the same rate of pay as before the reclassification. If the position is reclassified to a class with a higher pay range, the employee ((shall)) will receive an increase in pay as provided for in cases of promotion. If a position is reclassified to a class with a lower pay range, the employee's rate of pay ((shall)) will be ((reduced as provided in these rules for voluntary demotion, unless the director recommends and the council approves an incumbent pay rate.)) frozen for a period of twelve calendar months. Upon expiration of the twelve-month period, the employee will be paid at the step in the lower pay range that results in the least reduction in pay.
- (((7))) (8) Pay Rate Following Adjustment to the Pay Range. If a class is reassigned to a new pay range, with no change in duties or responsibilities, the employee ((shall)) will be paid at that step in the new pay range that most closely corresponds to the employee's placement in the original pay range.
- (((8))) (9) Pay Rate for Temporary and Regular Part-time Employment. Temporary and regular part-time employees ((shall)) will be paid for actual hours worked at an hourly rate of pay equivalent to the rate paid regular full-time employees performing substantially the same type of work. Where no similar work is normally performed, the director ((shall)) will establish an appropriate pay rate after consulting with the employing official.
- (((9))) (10) Call-Back Pay. When an employee has completed the employee's regularly scheduled shift or work week and is "called back", ((the

employee shall be paid at the rate of one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for actual hours worked; PROVIDED, That if the employee is called back and subsequently works less than two hours, the employee shall receive a minimum of two hours of pay at the regular rate of pay)) the employee will be entitled to a minimum of three hours call-back pay at the employee's regular hourly rate of pay. Employees whose jobs normally require attendance at meetings outside of normal office hours or whose working conditions require regular call-backs as a normal part of the job ((shall)) will not be entitled to call-back pay. When the total number of hours worked in one week exceeds 40 hours, the call-back provisions of this section ((shall)) will cease to apply and the overtime provisions of subsection (((10))) (11) of this section ((shall)) will apply.

(((10))) (11) Overtime Compensation for a Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) Non-Exempt Employee((s)). In the case of a FLSA non-exempt employee((s)) who ((are)) is working less than a 40-hour work week, all hours worked in excess of the normally scheduled work week up to a maximum of 40 hours per week shall be compensated at the straight-time rate of pay ((,unless the call_back provisions of subsection 9 of this section are applicable)). For hours worked in excess of 40 in a work week, overtime compensation shall be paid or compensatory time shall be granted upon approval by supervisor in conformity with the requirements of the ((Fair Labor Standards Act)) ((())FLSA(())) and applicable state wage and hours laws. Holidays, sick leave, bereavement leave, vacation leave and compensatory time will be considered time worked for the purpose of calculating overtime pay. In order for a holiday to be considered time worked, the holiday must either be worked or fall within the employee's scheduled work days.

(((11))) (12) Additional Compensation for a FLSA-Exempt Employee((s)). A FLSA-exempt employee may receive compensation in addition to his or her regular salary ((where)) if: (a) the FLSA-exempt employee is required to directly supervise subordinate employees in their performance of overtime work caused by an unplanned emergency; (b) the supervised overtime is substantial; (c) failure to grant such additional compensation would result in the pay of subordinates exceeding that of their supervisors; and (d) necessary funds are available and have been specifically budgeted for this purpose. Additional compensation may be paid to a FLSA-exempt employee under the circumstances listed above if the department head verifies that the circumstances listed above have been met. If additional compensation is paid, it ((shall)) will be paid at the rate of one and a half times the FLSA-exempt employee's equivalent hourly rate of pay. Holidays, sick leave, bereavement leave, vacation leave and compensatory time will be considered time worked for the purpose of calculating overtime pay. In order for a holiday to be considered time worked, the holiday must either be worked or fall within the employee's scheduled work days.

(((12) Holiday Pay for Employees. All work on holidays shall be paid at the regular rate of pay for all hours actually worked in addition to the regular holiday pay based on the normal work day. Compensatory time off in lieu of pay

may be granted in an equivalent amount for hours actually worked on the holiday by FLSA non-exempt employees in accordance with state and federal law. All work on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day shall be paid at two times the employee's regular straight time rate of pay, and shall be in addition to the employee's regular holiday pay.))

- (13) ((Special Pay Provisions)) Out-of-Class-Pay. An employee who is temporarily assigned work in a higher classification and, in fact, performs substantially the full scope of the work of the higher classification for a period of ((three)) one ((consecutive)) working ((days)) day or more, including consecutive hours the following day, ((shall)) will be paid at the rate of pay assigned to the higher classification according to the provisions of these rules governing pay rate upon promotion for all hours actually worked in the higher classification.
- (14) Temporary Upgrade. When an out-of-class assignment is expected to continue for more than thirty calendar days, the employee will be placed in a temporary upgrade. All hours worked or designated as paid leave while in a temporary upgrade will be paid at the rate of pay assigned to the higher classification.

Section 14. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.05.030, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 94-074, § 1, on August 17, 1994, is amended to read:

3A.05.030 Advancement within a pay range.

Employees in regular appointments ((shall)) will receive increases in pay within the steps of the pay range for their classification contingent upon: (((1))) satisfactory job performance((())), as determined by ((evaluation)) the hiring official (())); and(($_{7}$)) (((2))) the availability of funds, as determined by the council. An employee ((Employee)) in a regular appointment ((are)) is eligible to be considered for such performance increase annually on ((each anniversary)) the employee's anniversary date representing the completion of one year of ((full-time employment or equivalent)) service in the same job classification at the same step in the pay range except as provided herein.

((Those employees hired prior to January 1, 1980 and who, upon adoption of these rules, have an anniversary date of January 1 shall continue to have the same anniversary date unless thereafter such anniversary date is adjusted by any of the circumstances shown ((in subsection (2) of this section.))

Regular part-time employees shall be considered for a performance increase annually on each anniversary date representing the completion of one year of employment.))

(1) Deferral of Performance Increase. Performance increases are contingent upon satisfactory job performance as determined by the hiring official ((on the job)) and the availability of ((budgeted)) funds as determined by the council. If an employee's performance is less than satisfactory during the year preceding the employee's anniversary date, ((for a step)) the employing official may, with prior approval of the director, defer the increase for a stipulated period of time until specific improvement is made in the employee's performance. The

reasons for denial of a performance increase ((shall)) will be provided to the employee. A denied performance increase may be approved at any time the employing official determines that the employee has demonstrated satisfactory performance improvement. If the denial exceeds six months because the employee's performance has not improved sufficiently, any pay increase ((shall)) will be withheld until the employee's next anniversary date.

- (2) ((Adjustments to the Anniversary Date. The anniversary date increase for an employee shall be adjusted under the following circumstances:
- (a) Upon promotion or demotion, except in the case of demotion from trial service, the existing anniversary date shall be eliminated and the date of such promotion or demotion shall be used to calculate the new anniversary date;
- (b) When an employee is demoted from trial service following promotion, the anniversary date held prior to such promotion shall be reestablished;
- (c) When an employee returns from layoff or unpaid leave of absence and is reemployed in the same classification as originally held, the original anniversary date will be extended by an amount of time equal to the period of layoff or leave of absence in order to give credit for time served in a pay step prior to such layoff or leave of absence. The anniversary date shall only be adjusted for each unpaid leave of absence of 10 or more consecutive working days;
- (d) When an employee returns from layoff or unpaid leave of absence and is reemployed in a classification other than that originally held, the original anniversary date shall be eliminated and the date of reemployment shall be used to calculate the new anniversary date.))

Anniversary Date Administration. The anniversary date for an increase in pay within the steps of the pay range shall be the first day of the month as specified in this subsection. An employee hired between the first and the fifteenth of any month will have an anniversary date of the first of the month in which the hiring occurred. An employee hired between the sixteenth and the last day of any month will have an anniversary date of the first of the following month.

(3) Adjustment to Anniversary Date.

(a) The anniversary date once established at the time of initial employment will not be changed due to subsequent reclassification, promotion or demotion, but will, unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, be adjusted for any leave without pay or layoff period of more than ninety consecutive calendar days. When an employee returns from a leave without pay or a layoff that is ninety days or longer and is reemployed in the same classification, the anniversary date will, unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, be extended by the number of days equal to the period of leave without pay or layoff in excess of ninety calendar days. A new anniversary date will be calculated from this revised date in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

- (b) When an employee returns from leave without pay or layoff and is reemployed in a classification other than that originally held, the original anniversary date will, unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, be eliminated and the date of reemployment will be used to calculate the new anniversary date.
- (((3))) (4) Alternative Advancement Program. The director may recommend alternative advancement programs covering specific occupations to the council as a part of the annual pay plan(s). Such programs ((shall)) will only be effective when approved by the council and may modify or supersede the program described by this chapter. Criteria for advancement in such programs may include but are not limited to employee performance, demonstrated knowledge, skill or ability, completed training and education and increased longevity.
- Section 15. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.08.010, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 04-141 on January 19, 2005, is amended to read:

3A.08.010 Eligible registers.

- (1) Each appointment to fill a regular position in the classified service ((shall)) will be made from an eligible register established for the class of positions by the affected elected official or department head. An eligible register ((shall)) will contain the names of candidates who are qualified for appointment to the class. An eligible register may be abolished or reestablished whenever it is determined by the affected elected official or department head, after consulting the director, to be in the best interests of the county.
 - (2) Types of Registers.
 - (a) Layoff. A layoff register ((shall)) will be formed for each job classification from which employees have been laid off.
 - (b) Reemployment. ((The names of employees who have been separated from the county in good standing or who have been reclassified to a classification with a lower pay range may, at the employee's request, be placed on a reemployment register for the period of one year.)) The names of employees who were laid off due to medical restrictions ((shall)) will be placed on the reemployment list in accordance with ((3A.06.060)) 3A.06.040.
 - (c) County Only/Open. A register ((shall)) will be formed at the conclusion of each county only or open examination and ((shall)) will contain the names of those candidates who have achieved the minimum rating which is determined to be necessary by the director. Candidates with the same score or rank are considered to be equally qualified and are generally to be afforded the same treatment in certification and selection processes.

Section 16. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.08.030, last amended by Ordinance No. 04-141 on January 19, 2005, is amended to read:

3A.08.030 Types of appointments.

- (1) Regular Appointment. Regular appointment is any appointment to a ((regular)) budgeted position vacancy in the classified service.
- (2) Temporary Appointment. Temporary appointment is any appointment to perform work which is temporary, emergency or short term in nature. Temporary appointment of any individual shall not exceed 1040 hours during a 12-month period. Qualified county employees on layoff status ((shall)) will be given first consideration for temporary appointments. The temporary employment of an intern who is enrolled as a student in a bona fide course of study at a college or university ((shall)) will be permitted. Conditions of employment including salary, hours of work and length of employment ((shall)) will be determined by agreement between the county and the college or university. The director ((shall)) will be notified in writing by the department head of all such agreements.
- (3) In-Training Appointment. Whenever an elected official or department head determines it is in the best interests of their office or department, the elected official or department head may approve the in-training appointment of an applicant who does not meet the minimum qualifications for a classification. In such cases, the employing official ((shall)) will provide justification for the appointment and ((shall)) will establish a training program that will satisfy the deficiency in qualifications within one year from the date of appointment. During the training period, the employee ((shall)) will be compensated at a lower rate than that of the class for which training is being given. At the end of the training period, if the employee has successfully completed the necessary training, the employee ((shall)) will be placed on a probationary period in accordance with these rules and ((shall)) will be placed at the first step of the salary range for the appropriate class. Time spent in training status ((shall)) will not be credited toward satisfaction of the probationary period. Removal of the employee during training or probationary period ((shall)) will be at the discretion of the employing official.
- (4) Acting Appointment. Acting appointment is a form of temporary appointment in which a regular classified county employee is given an assignment in a position in a different classification having the same or higher pay range, to replace another employee. The employee retains regular appointment status in accordance with these rules.
- (5) Exempt Appointment. Exempt appointment is the appointment of an employee to an exempt position not subject to this title and shall be governed by the rules and procedures of chapter 3.68 SCC.

Section 17. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.10.010, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.10.010 General

((Voluntary resignation, retirement and layoff are considered separations.))
Separation for voluntary resignation, retirement and layoff shall be in good standing and the employee ((shall)) will be eligible for reinstatement under the rules of this chapter if:
(1) The employee has provided written notice at least 10 working days prior to the effective date (in cases of voluntary resignation or retirement); (2) The employee has not resigned to avoid disciplinary action; and (3) The employee has a satisfactory performance record.

Section 18. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.10.020, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.10.020 Reduction in force - Layoff.

When the elimination or reorganization of work or lack of funds causes ((a reduction in hours or)) the elimination of one or more occupied positions, a layoff will be declared.

- (1) Identification of Layoff Unit. The layoff unit ((shall)) will consist of all positions in the affected job classification within the ((divisional organization)) division affected by the reduction. Departments without division level programs will be considered as the whole layoff unit. A position within a classification may be excluded from a layoff unit as a specialty where:
 - (a) The specialty position was filled using substantially different qualifications;
 - (b) Transfer between the specialty and other positions in the classification does not normally occur; and
 - (c) Qualification for the specialty position could not be easily obtained through a short orientation or familiarization period.
- (2) Order of Layoff. In-training, acting, temporary and probationary employees within the layoff unit will be laid off first in the order stated. Order of layoff between regular employees within the layoff unit will be ((determined by considering)) based on each employee's job classification seniority and performance evaluation according to procedures prescribed by the director. Employees with the lowest scores be laid off first. In the event of a tie between two or more employees:
 - (a) The employee with the least total unbroken service in the affected department shall be laid off first; if a tie still exists then,
 - (b) The employee with the least total unbroken county service shall be laid off first.
- (3) Job Classification Seniority--Defined. Job classification seniority for the purposes of consideration in layoff and bumping situations is the period of unbroken service in the affected job classification and all classifications previously held which were at the same or higher level within the same occupational group. An authorized leave of absence without pay does not constitute a break in service; however, ((time spent on such leave of 10 consecutive days or more will be subtracted from)) the seniority computation((-))

will be adjusted on a day-for-day basis for all such leave days in excess of ninety consecutive calendar days unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law. An employee on disability leave of absence on account of an industrial injury or occupational disease shall continue to accrue seniority during the first fifty-two weeks.

- (4) Layoff Options. Within the affected division, a regular <u>or probationary</u> employee who is scheduled for layoff may be offered, in lieu of layoff, one or more of the following options if available:
 - (a) A voluntary demotion to a position in a lower level job classification in which the employee has held classified status((÷ PROVIDED, That he/she)) if the employee continues to meet the minimum qualifications and has greater job classification seniority than the occupant (if any) of the position in the lower class.
 - (b) A voluntary demotion to a lower level job classification in the employee's promotional line may be permitted whether or not the employee has held regular status in the lower class((: PROVIDED, That he/she)) if the employee meets the minimum qualifications and has greater job classification seniority than the occupant (if any) of the position in the lower class. Such demotions ((shall)) will be restricted to promotional lines which are defined and promulgated by the director.
 - (c) A transfer to a vacant position in a job classification at the same level or demotion to a lower level classification, not previously held, provided the employee meets the minimum qualifications. Such transfers or demotions may be made without examination. An employee who accepts such an option must complete a six month probationary period before being granted status in the class and is subject to all rules covering probationary employees. A transfer or demotion to a job classification in which classified status was previously held ((shall)) will not require a new probationary period.

No employee ((shall)) will be offered a promotion as a direct result of being affected by a layoff situation but may apply for any available promotional opportunity in accordance with rules covering application.

A classified employee who is offered an option as specified ((above)) in this section may indicate acceptance or rejection within three working days of its receipt. Failure to do so shall constitute rejection of the offer.

- (5) ((Career Employee Retention. In the event that bumping and transfer options within the division are not made available and the employee has five or more years of continuous service with the county, the director may attempt to identify other referral options in the following order:
- (a) Vacant positions within job classifications previously held by the employee, first within the employee's department and then county wide.

- (b) Vacant positions in a job classification at the same or lower level not previously held: PROVIDED, That the employee meets the minimum qualifications, first within the employee's department and then county wide.
- (c) Positions occupied by temporary or probationary employees within job classifications previously held by the employee, first within the employee's department and then county wide.))
- ((6))) Notice of Layoff. A notice of layoff, signed by the appropriate division or department head, shall be given to affected employees at least ((40)) twenty working days prior to the effective date. Where necessary the county may issue a corrected notice of layoff. The date of layoff for an employee receiving such corrected notice will be adjusted to ensure the employee at least five working days notice of the change. A copy of each layoff notice will be provided to the director.
- (((7))) (6) Placement of Laid Off Employees on Layoff Register. The names of <u>regular</u> classified and probationary employees who have been laid off (including acceptance of a demotion option) shall be placed on a layoff register for the classification from which the employee was separated. An employee's name shall remain on the register for ((one year)) <u>two years</u> from the date of layoff. An employee's name may be removed for any of the following reasons:
 - (a) Inability to contact the employee by mail at the employee's last known address.
 - (b) Rejection by the employee of an offer to interview for a county vacancy in the same job classification.
 - (c) Acceptance by the employee of other employment or an expression that ((he/she)) the employee has no further interest in returning to county employment.
 - (d) Reappointment of the employee to ((his/her)) the employee's former classification.

Section 19. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.10.040, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.10.040 Reinstatement.

(1) A regular or probationary employee who is separated from a job classification in good standing, except employees placed on a layoff register, may be reinstated to a vacancy in the same classification within one year of separation without competition. A regular or probationary employee who is separated from a job classification and placed on a layoff register may be reinstated to a vacancy in the same classification within two years of separation without competition.

Such employees ((shall)) will be credited with:

- (a) Assumption of the previous job classification seniority and anniversary dates adjusted for the time gone.
- (b) The previous rate of sick leave and vacation accrual based on years of service.

- (c) Reinstatement of previous sick leave accrual balances; however, if any previous payment for accrued sick leave had been received, it must first be repaid.
- (d) Regular status only if reinstatement is to the department from which separation in good standing or layoff occurred and if regular status had been previously attained. In other instances, a six month probationary period must be served. ((A)) An employee who is reinstated ((employee)) from a layoff register who fails to complete the probationary period ((shall)) will be returned to the layoff register for the remainder of the ((one)) two year eligibility period established by the date of original layoff.
- (e) Benefits in accordance with any restrictions or waiting period imposed by plan documents.
- (2) An employee who is reinstated from a layoff register to a classification not previously held in accordance with <u>SCC 3A.10.030</u> shall be:
 - (a) Required to serve a probationary period. A reinstated employee who fails to complete probationary period shall be returned to the layoff register for the remainder of the ((one)) two year period established by the date of original layoff.
 - (b) Given new job classification seniority and anniversary dates.
 - (c) Given the previous rate of sick leave and vacation accrual based on years of service.
 - (d) Credited with previous sick leave accrual balances; however, if any previous payment for accrued sick leave had been received, it must first be repaid
 - (e) Given benefits in accordance with any restrictions or waiting period imposed by the plan documents.

Section 20. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.11.025, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 97-089, § 3, on October 8, 1997, is amended to read:

3A.11.025 Grievance procedures.

The following procedures govern the conduct of the grievance process for classified employees((÷)). To be valid, a grievance must state in writing the article and section of Title 3A that is allegedly violated, the nature of the grievance and the requested remedy. If an employee fails ((to submit a grievance in a timely manner or)) to adhere to the time limits established in the steps below, the employee shall have waived the grievance. If an employee does not receive a response within the number of working days outlined in the steps below, the employee may proceed to the next step in the grievance process. The time limit specified in any of the steps may be waived by mutual agreement.

Step I. An employee shall have ((five)) ten working days from the occurrence ((of the event giving rise to)) on which the alleged grievance is based to ((orally)) present the grievance in writing to the employee's immediate supervisor. A grievance meeting shall be held within ten working days of the

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<u>supervisor's receipt of the grievance.</u> The supervisor shall provide the employee with ((an-oral)) <u>a written</u> response within ((three)) <u>ten</u> working days <u>of the grievance meeting</u>. <u>A copy of the written response will be provided to the director.</u>

Step II. ((An employee dissatisfied with the supervisors oral response)) In the event the grievance is not settled satisfactorily at step I, the employee shall have ((five)) ten working days from the day of ((such)) the step I response to submit ((a)) the written grievance to the employing official. ((The written grievance shall specify the subject matter of the grievance and the remedy which is desired.)) All further actions concerning the grievance shall be limited to the matters specified in the grievance submitted at step I. The employing official will review the grievance(($_{\tau}$)) and will meet with the employee and supervisor within ten working days of receipt of the grievance(($_{\tau}$)). ((and)) The employing official will respond in writing within ((10)) ten working days of ((receipt of the employee's written grievance)) the meeting. A copy of the written response will be provided to the director.

Step III. In the event the grievance is not settied satisfactorily at step II, the employee shall have ((five)) ten working days from the date of the employing official's response to submit a written grievance to the director. The director will investigate the grievance, make a written determination, and transmit such determination to the grievant and the employing official by certified mail ((er personal service)), unless other arrangements have been made, within ((15)) twenty working days of receipt of the written grievance.

Step IV. If the employee disagrees with the director's determination and desires a hearing on the grievance before the personnel hearings examiner, the employee shall submit a written request for hearing to the director within five working days from receipt of the director's determination. The director will provide copies of the grievance and the county's responses, and related documents, to the personnel hearings examiner within five working days following receipt of the request for hearing. The personnel hearings examiner shall conduct a hearing on the grievance within ((20)) twenty working days following receipt of the grievance unless a later date is set by the personnel hearings examiner based on agreement of the parties or a finding of good cause. Failure of the personnel hearings examiner to timely convene a hearing under these rules shall not affect the rights of the parties. Proceedings will be in accordance with Chapter 2.04.

Section 21. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.13.010, last amended by Amended Ordinance No. 07-091 on October 10, 2007, is amended to read:

3A.13.010 Exemptions - County charter.

The following positions and employees are exempt from coverage under these rules in accordance with Section 7.20 of the county charter:

(1) All county elected officials; except that district court judges pursuant to RCW 3.34.100 shall accrue and use sick leave as provided in SCC 3A.06.040(1),

 3A.15.010 Personnel records.

The director ((shall)) will establish and maintain a personnel records system which ((shall)) will include a copy of each employee's application, the job title under which the employee is employed, the rate of pay, date of employment, the organizational unit assignment, reports of all personnel actions including disciplinary actions, reports of work performance, employment history and such other records, reports or information as deemed pertinent. The ((personnel department)) human resources department ((shall)) will be the central depository for all such personnel records and files.

Section 24. Snohomish Code Section 3A.15.020, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.15.020 Reports of personnel actions.

Every appointment, transfer, promotion, demotion, termination, dismissal, suspension, leave of absence, change of pay rate or other ((temporary or permanent)) change in an employee's status ((shall)) will be reported to the ((personnel department)) human resources department in writing in the manner, time, form and method prescribed by the director.

Section 25. Snohomish Code Section 3A.15.030, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.15.030 Confidentiality of personnel records and files.

((Each employee's personnel records)) Personnel records and files specifically exempt from public disclosure by law shall be considered confidential and shall not be open to inspection by any person other than the employee, the employee's supervisor, the employing official and the ((personnel department)) human resources department staff in the conduct of personnel administration, unless the employee consents in writing to the other inspection or the director determines other inspection appropriate. Each employee shall have access to ((his/her)) the employee's personnel records or to any information pertaining to ((him/her)) the employee which is maintained by the ((personnel department)) human resources department during normal office hours in accordance with procedures as the director may provide.

((Personnel records and files specifically exempt from public disclosure by law shall be considered confidential and shall not be subject to public disclosure unless otherwise specifically designated by the director.)) Any employee who fails to maintain the confidentiality of personnel records and files exempt from public disclosure by law shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Section 26. Snohomish Code Section 3A.15.040, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.15.040 Public records.

- ((Such-p)) Personnel records and files that are not specifically exempt from public disclosure by ((statute)) <u>law</u> ((er confidential under <u>SCC 3A.15.030</u>)) shall be open to inspection by interested parties during normal office hours and in accordance with such procedures as the director may provide. Copies of public records shall be provided upon request at no more than the actual cost to the ((personnel)) <u>human resources</u> department as determined by the director. For the purposes of these rules, public records shall be taken to include:
 - (1) Personnel rules:
 - (2) ((Personnel department)) <u>Human resources department</u> policies and procedures;
 - (3) ((Personnel department)) <u>Human resources department</u> budget and program plans;
 - (4) ((Personnel department)) <u>Human resources department</u> classification and compensation plans;
 - (5) Factual staff reports and studies;
 - (6) Collective bargaining agreements; and
 - (7) Such other documents, records and reports as the director may determine are subject to public disclosure.

Pursuant to RCW ((42.17.260)) 42.56 et. seq., the ((Personnel department)) human resources department may ((delete)) redact details to the extent required to prevent invasion of personal privacy when it makes available or publishes any public record.

Section 27. Snohomish Code Section 3A. 15. 050, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.15.050 Verification of employment and other references.

The ((personnel department)) human resources department ((shall)) will respond to all written requests for verification of employment of current and former employees and ((shall)) will provide only the following information, unless the employee has provided written consent to provide specific additional information:

- (1) The employee's full name:
- (2) Dates of employment;
- (3) Employment status;
- (4) Classification job title and pay ((range)) rate; and
- (5) Department and division worked for.

An employing official or designee, who responds to a request for a personal reference on a current or former employee, ((shall)) will limit his/her response to objective information that is verifiable by documented facts.

Section 28. Snohomish County Code Section 3A.16.030, adopted by Ordinance No. 84-129 on November 21, 1984, is amended to read:

3A.16.030 Nonstandard work schedules.

When it is found to be in the best interest of the county, an employing official may establish a non standard work schedule such as a four/forty work week (four 10-hour days per work week), subject to the approval of the <u>responsible</u> department head and / or responsible elected official. In such cases, leaves of absence with pay, including vacation and sick leave, will be charged by the number of hours actually taken. Paid holidays will ((eontinue to)) be paid ((on the basis of a standard seven or eight hour work day with the balance of the day off charged either against the employees accrued vacation leave account or, in the event the employee does not have any accrued vacation leave remaining, will be treated as leave of absence without pay, unless other arrangements have been approved by the employing official)) in accordance with 3A.06.020.

PASSED this 9 day of October, 20/3.

SNOHOMISH COUNTY COUNCIL Snohomish County, Washington

Clerk of the Council Asso

APPROVED

) EMERGENCY

() VETOED

ounty Executive

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ATTES

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42 Approved as to form only:

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

ORDINANCE NO. 13-<u>070</u>
RELATING TO COUNTY EMPLOYMENT, REVISING COUNTY
PERSONNEL RULES, AND AMENDING CHAPTER 3A SCC - 18